### Upstreaming hardware support in the Linux kernel: why and how?

Thomas Petazzoni - CTO Bootlin



- Engineering and training company
- Focused on embedded Linux
- 11 people, 8 engineers
- Strong contribution to the Linux kernel and other OSS projects
- Freely available training materials

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#### What is upstreaming?



#### **Bootlin kernel upstreaming**

- As of v4.5: more than 3000
  patches merged, by 9 persons
- In the top 20 contributing companies
- Collaboration with HW vendors
- Focus on ARM: Marvell, Atmel, Allwinner...
- 6 (co-)maintainer positions by Bootlin engineers

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#### **Reducing software debt**

- Kernel is a very fast moving target
- Very costly to maintain significant changes on up-to-date kernels
- Upstreaming allows to have your changes in the official release
- Code gets updated by the community

#### Higher quality

- Review from experts in each kernel subsystem
- Use of common infrastructures, code sharing
- Coding standards
- Contributions from downstream: tests, bug reports/fixes, improvements



#### Better experience for integrators/users

- Long term availability of kernel updates: security fixes, LTS releases
- Benefit from new kernel features
- Standard interfaces
- Community/third-party support
- Allows downstream participation
- HW supported by OS vendors/distributions

#### **Increased credibility**

- Shows commitment to proper software support
- Both in terms of quality and cost
- Positive image in the open-source community
- Easier to hire open-source engineers

#### Higher control

- If you don't do it, others might do it
- In which case you have less control
- By initiating the kernel support for a feature, you have more control over it
- You are the one driving rather than being driven



#### Small & focused team

- Small team inherently needs less communication overhead
- **Focused** on upstreaming only
- No distraction from products, customer support or bring-up
- Motivated team, engineers who like to contribute

#### **Community involvement**

- Engineers must be part of the community
- Understand the community as a special actor, not your employees
- Learn the rules of the community
- Your solution may not be the one accepted by the community
- Allow your engineers to
  contribute beyond your own HW

#### **Empower the community**

- Enable others to work on your HW
- Will give you free bug fixes, performance improvements, and additional features
- Datasheets, as open as possible
- Be present on the mailing lists, answer questions
- Leave enough room for others to engage



#### Management buy-in

- Recognize upstreaming as a special activity
- Difficult to do planning, you don't control the community
- Reduce the administrative and legal overhead
- Must be a long-term strategy

#### **Conferences and networking**

- Good way to be part of the community
- Meet other developers and kernel maintainers
- Learn about the latest Linux developments
- Talk/discuss about the issues to support your HW

#### **Provide/use the right tools**

- Lots of time lost in big companies to fight against inappropriate tooling
- Outlook, Word and Windows are not the right tools for kernel engineers
- A Linux machine, standard SMTP server to send e-mails/patches, IRC access.





## Thanks!

### Any questions?

You reach me at thomas@bootlin.com